# H. R. 286

To amend the Public Health Service Act to facilitate the entering into of cooperative agreements between hospitals for the purpose of enabling such hospitals to share expensive medical or high technology equipment or services, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

**JANUARY 5, 1993** 

Mrs. Morella introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

# A BILL

To amend the Public Health Service Act to facilitate the entering into of cooperative agreements between hospitals for the purpose of enabling such hospitals to share expensive medical or high technology equipment or services, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Hospital Cooperative
- 5 Agreement Act".

#### 1 SEC. 2. PURPOSE.

- 2 It is the purpose of this Act to encourage cooperation
- 3 between hospitals in order to contain costs and achieve
- 4 a more efficient health care delivery system through the
- 5 elimination of unnecessary duplication and proliferation of
- 6 expensive medical or high technology services or equip-
- 7 ment.

## 8 SEC. 3. HOSPITAL TECHNOLOGY AND SERVICES SHARING

- 9 **DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.**
- 10 Part D of title VI of the Public Health Service Act
- 11 (42 U.S.C. 291k et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
- 12 thereof the following new section:
- 13 "SEC. 647. HOSPITAL TECHNOLOGY AND SERVICES SHAR-
- 14 ING DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.
- 15 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall estab-
- 16 lish a demonstration program under which the Secretary
- 17 shall in fiscal year 1994 award ten 5-year grants to eligi-
- 18 ble applicants to facilitate collaboration among two or
- 19 more hospitals with respect to the provision of expensive,
- 20 capital-intensive medical technology or other highly re-
- 21 source-intensive services. Such program shall be designed
- 22 to demonstrate the extent to which such agreements result
- 23 in a reduction in costs, an increase in access to care, and
- 24 improvements in the quality of care with respect to the
- 25 hospitals involved.
- 26 "(b) ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—To be eligible to receive a
2	grant under subsection (a), an entity (or entities)
3	shall be a licensed hospital (or hospitals) and shall
4	prepare and submit to the Secretary an application
5	at such time, in such manner, and containing such
6	information as the Secretary may require, includ-
7	ing—
8	"(A) a statement that such hospital (or
9	hospitals) desires to negotiate and enter into a
10	voluntary cooperative agreement under which
11	such hospital (or hospitals) is operating in one
12	State or region for the sharing of medical tech-
13	nology or services;
14	"(B) a description of the nature and scope
15	of the activities contemplated under the cooper-
16	ative agreement;
17	"(C) a description of the financial arrange-
18	ment between the hospitals that are parties to
19	the agreement; and
20	"(D) any other information determined ap-
21	propriate by the Secretary.
22	"(2) DEVELOPMENT OF EVALUATION GUIDE-
23	LINES.—Not later than 90 days after the date of en-
24	actment of this section, the Administrator for

Health Care Policy and Research shall develop eval-

1	uation guidelines with respect to applications sub-
2	mitted under paragraph (1).
3	"(3) Evaluations of applications.—The
4	Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator for
5	Health Care Policy and Research, shall evaluate ap-
6	plications submitted under paragraph (1). In deter-
7	mining which applications to approve for purposes of
8	awarding grants under subsection (a), the Secretary
9	shall consider whether the cooperative agreement de-
10	scribed in each such application meets guidelines de-
11	veloped under paragraph (2) and is likely to result
12	in—
13	"(A) the enhancement of the quality of
14	hospital or hospital-related care;
15	"(B) the preservation of hospital services
16	in geographical proximity to the communities
17	traditionally served by the applicant hospital (or
18	hospitals);
19	"(C) improvements in the cost-effectiveness
20	of high-technology services by the hospitals in-
21	volved;
22	"(D) improvements in the efficient utiliza-
23	tion of hospital resources and capital equip-
24	ment;

1	"(E) the provision of services that would
2	not otherwise be available; or
3	"(F) the avoidance of duplication of hos-
4	pital resources.
5	"(c) Allocation of Grant Funds.—
6	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Amounts provided under a
7	grant awarded under subsection (a) shall be used
8	only to facilitate collaboration among hospitals and
9	may not be used to purchase facilities or capital
10	equipment. Such permissible uses may include reim-
11	bursements for the expenses associated with special-
12	ized personnel, administrative services, support serv-
13	ices, and instructional programs.
14	"(2) Grant award amount.—Hospitals ap-
15	plying for grants under subsection (a) shall specify
16	the desired grant award amount. The Secretary shall
17	determine the appropriate amount in granting such
18	awards.
19	"(3) Care in rural areas.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not less than three of
21	the grants awarded under subsection (a) shall
22	be used to demonstrate the manner in which co-
23	operative agreements of the type described in
24	such subsection may be used to increase access

to or quality of care in rural areas.

1	"(B) Definition.—As used in subpara-
2	graph (A), the term 'rural areas' means those
3	areas located outside of metropolitan statistical
4	areas.
5	"(d) Medical Technology and Services.—
6	"(1) In GENERAL.—Cooperative agreements fa-
7	cilitated under this section shall provide for the
8	sharing of medical technology or eligible services
9	among the hospitals which are parties to such agree-
10	ments.
11	"(2) Medical Technology.—For purposes of
12	this section, the term 'medical technology' includes
13	the drugs, devices, equipment and medical and sur-
14	gical procedures utilized in medical care, and the or-
15	ganizational and support systems within which such
16	care is provided, that—
17	"(A) have high capital costs or extremely
18	high annual operating costs; and
19	"(B) are technologies with respect to which
20	there is a reasonable expectation that shared
21	ownership will avoid a significant degree of the
22	potential excess capacity of such service in the
23	community or region to be served under such

agreement.

1	"(3) Eligible services.—With respect to
2	services that may be shared under an agreement en-
3	tered into under this section, such services shall—
4	"(A) either have high capital costs or ex-
5	tremely high annual operating costs; and
6	"(B) be services with respect to which
7	there is a reasonable expectation that shared
8	ownership will avoid a significant degree of the
9	potential excess capacity of such services in the
10	community or region to be served under such
11	agreement.
12	Such services may include mobile services.
13	"(e) Term.—The demonstration program established
14	under this section shall continue for a term of 5 years.
15	"(f) Reports.—
16	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Grantees shall submit an-
17	nual reports to the Secretary containing information
18	on the demonstration projects funded under this sec-
19	tion, as required by the Secretary.
20	"(2) To congress.—On the date that occurs 5
21	years after the establishment of the demonstration
22	program under this section, the Secretary shall pre-
23	pare and submit to the appropriate committees of
24	Congress, a report concerning the potential for coop-

1	erative agreements of the type entered into under
2	this section to—
3	"(A) contain health care costs;
4	"(B) increase the access of individuals to medi-
5	cal services; and
6	"(C) improve the quality of health care.
7	Such report shall also contain the recommendations of the
8	Secretary with respect to future programs to facilitate co-
9	operative agreements.
10	"(g) Relation to Other Laws.—
11	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any provi-
12	sion of the antitrust laws, it shall not be considered
13	a violation of the antitrust laws for a hospital to
14	enter into, and carry out activities under, a coopera-
15	tive agreement in accordance with this section.
16	"(2) Definition.—For purposes of this sub-
17	section, the term 'antitrust laws' means—
18	"(A) the Act entitled "An Act to protect
19	trade and commerce against unlawful restraints
20	and monopolies", approved July 2, 1890, com-
21	monly known as the "Sherman Act" (26 Stat.
22	209; chapter 647; 15 U.S.C. 1 et seq.);
23	"(B) the Federal Trade Commission Act,
24	approved September 26, 1914 (38 Stat. 717;
25	chapter 311: 15 U.S.C. 41 et seg.):

1	"(C) the Act entitled "An Act to supple-
2	ment existing laws against unlawful restraints
3	and monopolies, and for other purposes", ap-
4	proved October 15, 1914, commonly known as
5	the "Clayton Act" (38 Stat. 730; chapter 323;
6	15 U.S.C. 12 et seq.; 18 U.S.C. 402, 660,
7	3285, 3691; 29 U.S.C. 52, 53); and
8	"(D) any State antitrust laws that would
9	prohibit the activities described in paragraph
10	(1).
11	"(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
12	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section,
13	\$2,500,000 for each of the fiscal years 1994 through
14	1998. Any appropriation pursuant to the preceding sen-
15	tence shall be subject to section 601 of the Congressional
16	Budget Act of 1974 (relating to discretionary spending
17	limits).
18	"(i) Effective Date.—If the Agency for Health
19	Care Policy and Research fails to establish guidelines pur-
20	suant to subsection (b)(2), the Secretary shall award
21	grants under this section based on the criteria contained
22	in subsection (b)(3).".